



THE ROOFTOP REVIEW

22 FEBRUARY 2022

- **Top 5 Campaign Wins for No Beijing 2022**

From dramatically reduced viewership around the world to the attention that has been drawn to the Chinese Communist Party's human rights abuses, Free Tibet wants to reflect on the No Beijing 2022 campaign and give our top 5 campaign wins. (*Tibet.net*)

- **Parliamentarians Khenpo Jamphel Tenzin and Geshe Atong Rinchen Gyaltzen Greet Kyabje Menri Trizin, HP Governor, and Others**

On 19th February, they reached Dolanji Bon Tibetan Settlement and received audiences with the 34th Kyabje Menri Trizin Lungtok Dawa Dargyal Rinpoche and Kyabje Menri Ponlob Trinley Nyima Rinpoche. (*Tibet.net*)

- **Nobel Peace Center Launches New Minecraft Learning Experience to Inspire Youth to Build a Better, More Peaceful World**

In Minecraft, one of the world's most popular games, players can build anything they want including their vision for world peace. The 'Active Citizen' game, which features Nobel Peace Prize laureates like His Holiness the 14th Dalai Lama and Malala Yousafzai, will be available in 29 languages for all Minecraft: Education Edition players. (*Tibet.net*)

- **Winter Olympics in Beijing was a "Genocide Games": Int'l experts**

China's exploitation of the Beijing Winter Olympics for political propaganda and IOC President Tomas Bach's misuse of the Olympic platform have brought shame on the Olympic movement, hence calls for rebooting the rules and regulations of the Olympics and the IOC," say, international experts. (*The Tibet Post*)

- **Three former prisoners from Drago monastery in critical health**

Three senior monks from Drago monastery are in critical health condition after their release from prison four years ago. The three monks belong to the same monastery in Drago where scores of Tibetans were reported to be arbitrary detained following the demolition of two large Buddha statue in the region last year. (Phayul)



THE ROOFTOP REVIEW

22 FEBRUARY 2022

- **Health Assessment conducted in Norgyeling Settlement**

The Department of Health started the first need assessment visit after the long tedious work of COVID-19 when the cases subsided and the Government of India lifted the strict COVID-19 protocols and restrictions in India. (*Tibet.net*)

- **Tibet Lobby Day 2022 to take place in fall**

This unique advocacy event typically involves bringing more than a hundred Tibet advocates to Washington, DC, to inform and lobby their members of Congress on the Tibet issue. In 2020 and 2021, the event took place remotely to safeguard the health of all those involved. (*SaveTibet.org*)

- **Obituary for Venerable Sampho Jigme Wangchen Rimpoche**

Venerable Sampho Jigme Wangchen Rimpoche passed away peacefully at his home on Sunday, on February 6, 2022, in Salt Lake City, Utah, USA. (*The Tibet Post*)



#TIBET MATTERS

@TibetPeople:

Whether you like or not soon #Tibet declares Independence, #China has no legitimate to occupy my Country, this brutal #CCP Regime days are counting, #FreeTibet is our destiny.

@ircprobot:

Dictionary of Tibetan Pastoralism compiled by a joint research project (Team Nomadic) of ILCAA, Tokyo University of Foreign Studies

@IsmailSemed:

In 1952, the population of Lhasa had doubled after the deployment of 25000 troops by CCP. Food shortage and crisis developed. Tibetans die from hunger that had never been experienced before in the history of Tibet.

@GJosephRoche:

International NGOs also deny this diversity, e.g., when they criticize Chineses education policy, they do not demand mother tongue education for ALL Tibetan languages #GLAD22 4/6



THE ROOFTOP REVIEW

22 FEBRUARY 2022



TIBET WATCH

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dLmAfySHWRc>

Tibet is a land of mystery and richness that, unfortunately, not many people know about. Hopefully this clears up some of the confusion. It's also worth mentioning that Tibet is very important for China's water security. two of China's three rivers begin in Tibet.

DID YOU KNOW?



Losar is an ancient tradition that dates back to the pre-Buddhism days. Before Buddhism was the religion of Tibet, people followed the Bon religion. This was a nature-based belief system, and the New Year was a time for giving offerings to the gods as a way to welcome the beginning of spring. Tibetans celebrate Losar with a three day festival of prayer, ceremonies, dancing, and family reunions. Traditional food is enjoyed and gifts are exchanged as a way to enjoy this special time of the year.